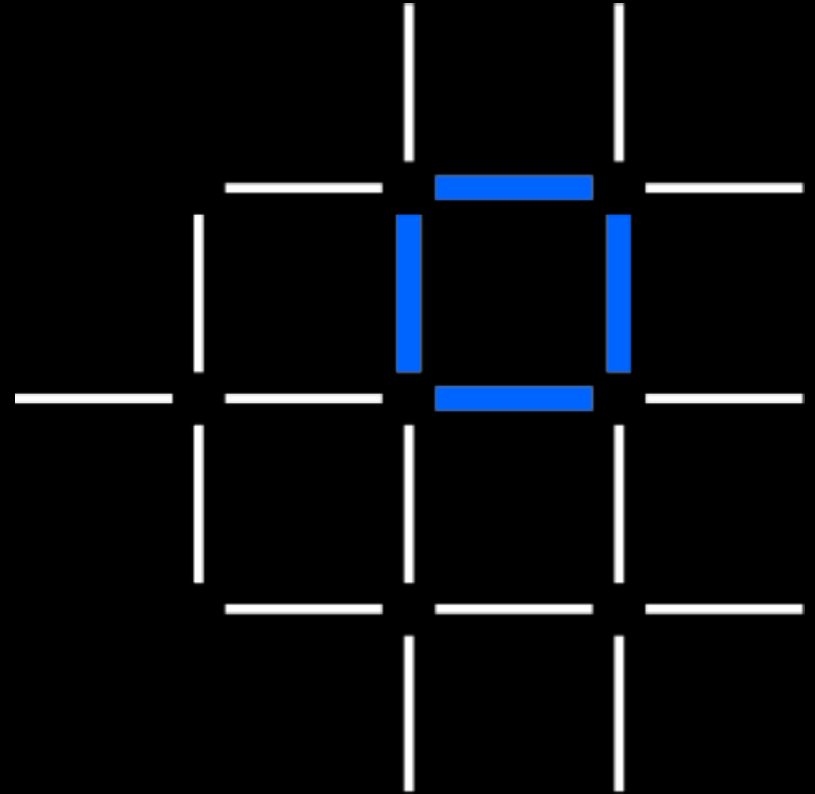


Blockchain Explained

An Introduction to Blockchain for Business

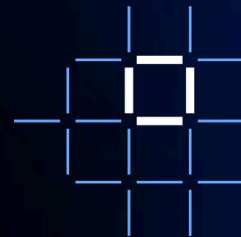
Austin Grice



March 2020

IBM Blockchain





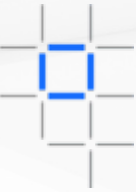
What is Blockchain

Example Networks

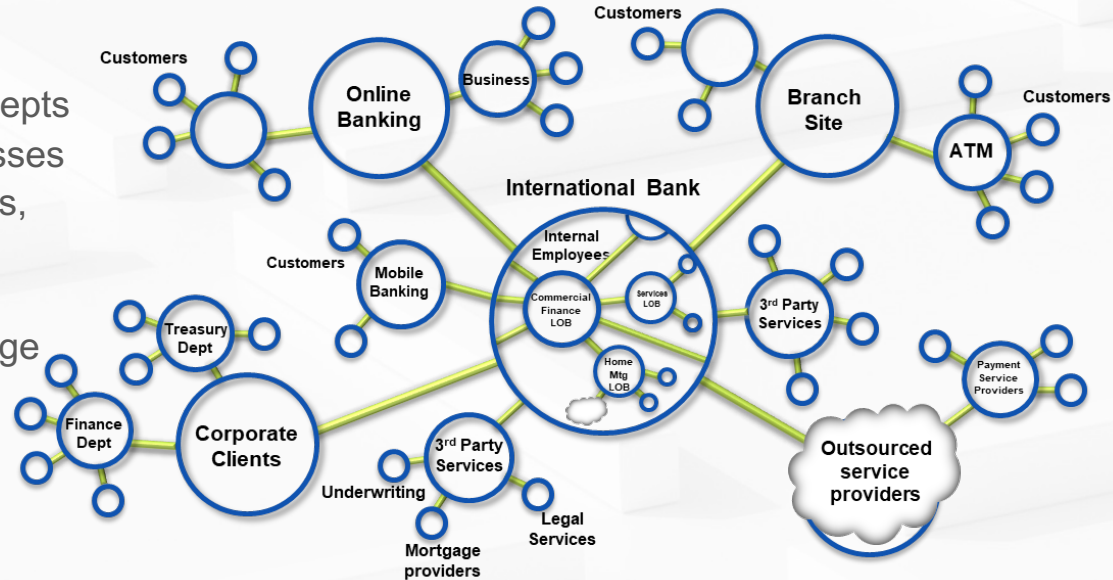
How IBM Can Help

Why IBM Z

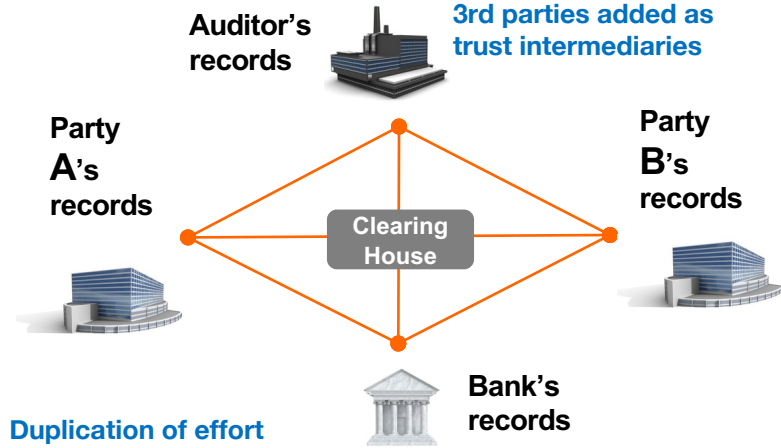
What is blockchain?



- Blockchain lets you build a decentralized **business network**
- Blockchain builds on basic business concepts
 - **Business networks** connect businesses
 - **Participants** are customers, suppliers, banks, partners
 - **Assets** flow over business networks
 - **Transactions** describe asset exchange
 - **Contracts** underpin transactions
 - The **ledger** is a log of transactions



Traditional

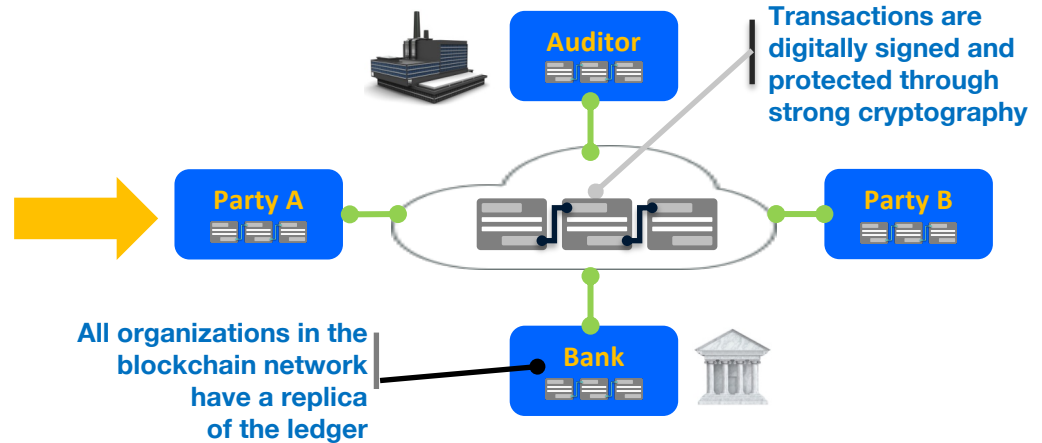


Transaction fees – Cost, Time
Data exposure - Security
Centralized entities - Risk
No central source of information - Truth

...inefficient, expensive, vulnerable

With Blockchain

A shared, replicated, permissioned ledger



...provenance, immutability, finality

Transferring assets, building value

Anything that is capable of being owned or controlled to produce value, is an asset



Two fundamental types of asset

- Tangible, e.g. a house
- Intangible, e.g. a mortgage



Intangible assets subdivide

- Financial, e.g. bond
- Intellectual, e.g. patents
- Digital, e.g. data



Cash is also an asset

- Property of anonymity
- Hard to prove and track

Ledgers, Transactions and Contracts



- **Ledger**: an important **log** of all transactions
 - Describes the inputs and outputs of the business
- **Transaction**: an **asset transfer** between participants
 - Matt gives a car to Dave (simple)
- **Contract**: the **conditions** for a transaction to occur
 - If Dave pays Matt money, then car passes from Matt to Dave (simple)
 - If car won't start, funds do not pass to Matt (as decided by third party arbitrator) (more complex)



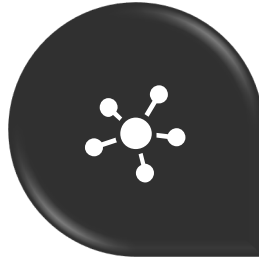
- *How do I know that the transaction I see is the same as the transaction you see?*
- *How do I know that the contract - the business rules associated with the transaction - are interpreted and implemented consistently between us?*
- Significant costs of reconciliation, dispute resolution and legal processes

Blockchain aims to solve the problems of ledgers and contracts

by allowing transactions and business rules to be **shared** between participants of the network

Shared Ledger

Distributed system of record, shared across business network. Replicated and synchronized ledger with no central administrator



Smart Contract

Provides the shared implementation of the business rules associated with each transaction

Privacy

Ensuring appropriate visibility; transactions are secure, authenticated & verifiable



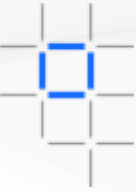
Consensus


Appropriate parties agree to valid transactions

This sharing is the foundation for innovative business solutions, including the ability to remove ambiguity and friction from trade

Broader participation, lower cost, increased efficiency

Different types of blockchain



 **bitcoin** is an example of an unpermissioned, public ledger:

- The first blockchain application
 - Peer to Peer electronic cash system
 - Resource intensive
-
- Blockchains for business generally prioritize
 - **Assets** over cryptocurrency; **Identity** over anonymity; **Selective endorsement** over proof of work



Two Types of Blockchain

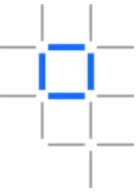


	Private/Permissioned	Public/Unpermissioned
Who?	Known invited parties	General public, unknown
Consensus	Selective Endorsement	Proof of Work/Stake
What is transferred?	Assets	Currency
Examples	Hyperledger Fabric	Bitcoin, Ethereum



Example Networks

Further examples by (selected) industry



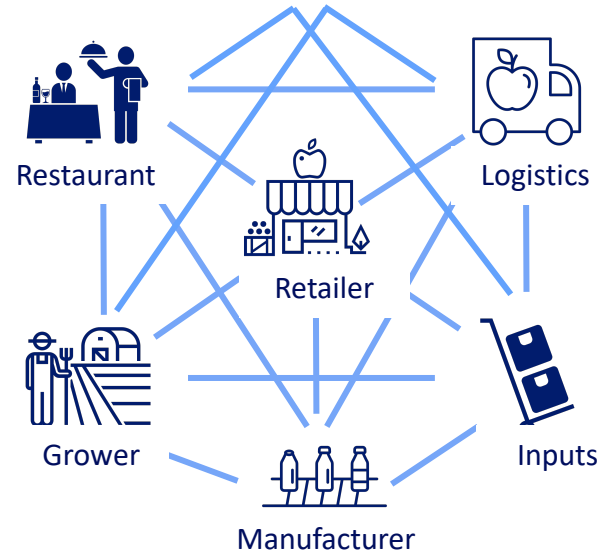
Financial	Public Sector	Retail	Insurance	Manufacturing
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Trade Finance• Cross currency payments• Mortgages• Letters of Credit	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Asset Registration• Citizen Identity• Medical records• Medicine supply chain	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Supply chain• Loyalty programs• Information sharing (supplier – retailer)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Claims processing• Risk provenance• Asset usage history• Claims file	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Supply chain• Product parts• Maintenance tracking

Today, traditional system constructs limit transparency

The Problem:

- **Data is siloed** within each company and accessing it requires a request and time
- Exchange of information takes place between a pair of partners; to get information from a distant partner may require **intermediaries** time, resources
- Most transactions are still **paper-based**, creating inefficiencies and opportunities for fraud
- Because everyone maintains their own record of transactions, **differences** take time and resources to reconcile

The food industry today

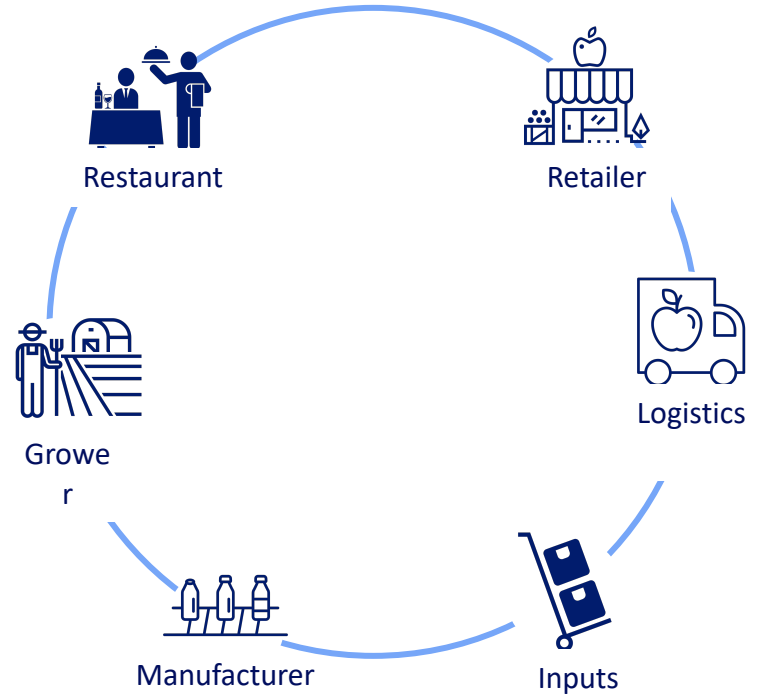


Blockchain transforms systems with trust and transparency

The Solution:

- Blockchain provides an **independent data-sharing platform**
- Once data is shared in a single data-sharing platform, everyone has **instant transparency** into the transactions they are authorized to view; no intermediation required
- **Data immutability** creates an auditable record of all transactions, disincentivizing fraudulent behavior
- **Dispute resolution** from the shared ledger can be automated saving time and resources

The food industry with blockchain



Cross-border payments today remain costly, complex and slow

*Limited end-to-end transparency, fee opacity
& delivery uncertainty*

The Challenges

- **Slow:** Current international payments systems rely heavily on **coordination between several counterparties** exchanging both information and value, taking **days or even weeks to complete** transactions.
- **Costly:** **Reconciliation**, regulatory **compliance**, foreign exchange and the cost of trapped **liquidity** in correspondent banking accounts are a few factors that continue to **inflate** the true cost of cross-border payments.
- **Limited Transparency:** The involvement of multiple intermediaries creates a **complex** web of procedures and **hinders the end-to-end visibility** of cross-border payments – often resulting in **error-prone** and faulty transactions that must be reconciled later. Parties are also rarely aware of where exactly fees are deducted along the way.
- **Complicated:** Privacy and security concerns have given rise to new, often **competing regulatory requirements**, creating a **barrier** for payment processing in certain regions, **cutting off** high-potential emerging markets from participating in the global economy.

International Payments System Today

SWIFT + Correspondent Banking



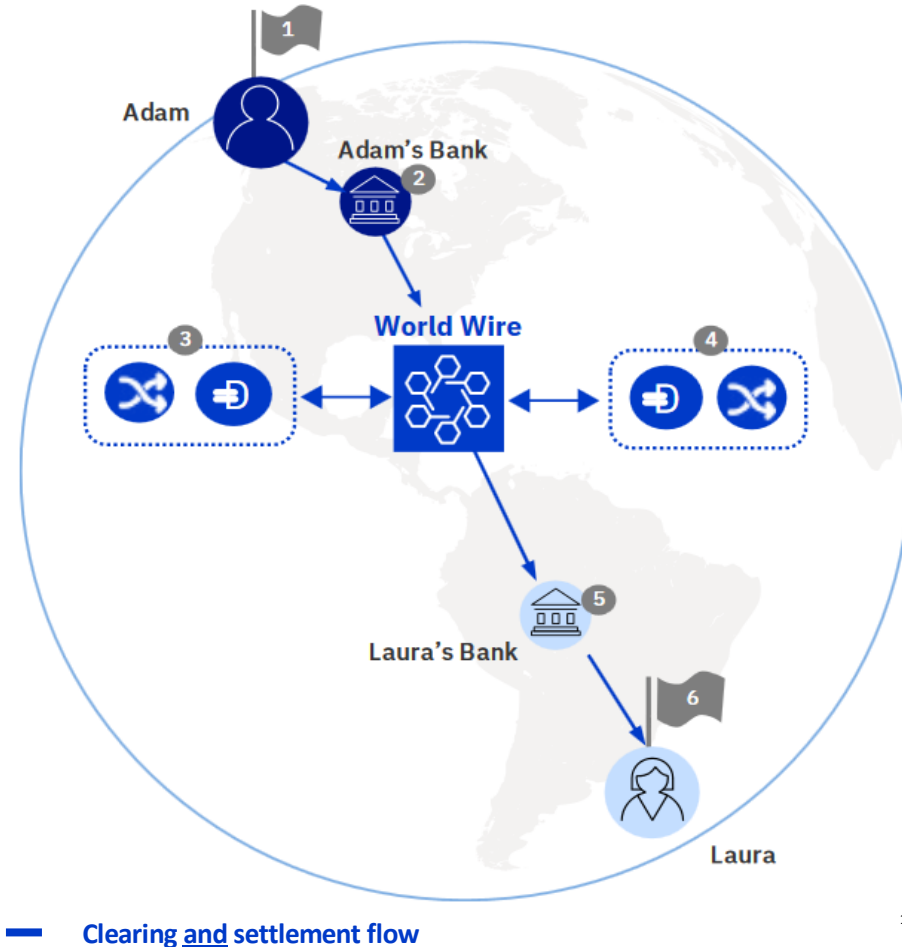
World Wire simplifies clearing & settlement to streamline cross-border payments

Faster, Cheaper & More efficient

World Wire targets industry pain points

- **Clear & Settle Faster:** Near **real-time clearing and settlement** reduces a process that traditionally takes 2-10 days, to mere **seconds**.
- **Reduce Costs:** Costs per transaction are reduced – this includes the removal and reduction of correspondent banking fees, capital requirements, regulatory costs, and reconciliation costs – allowing for **improved capital efficiency**.
- **Increase Transparency:** Financial institutions receive unprecedented **end-to-end transparency** of a payment from initiation through receipt by the receiving financial institution – **reducing the occurrence of disputes** and need for reconciliation.
- **Build Trust:** The use of distributed ledger technology creates the irrevocable and irrefutable audit trail of transactions, **enhancing regulatory reporting** capabilities and easing compliance concerns, while also **removing barriers of entry** for Financial Institutions entering **new markets**.

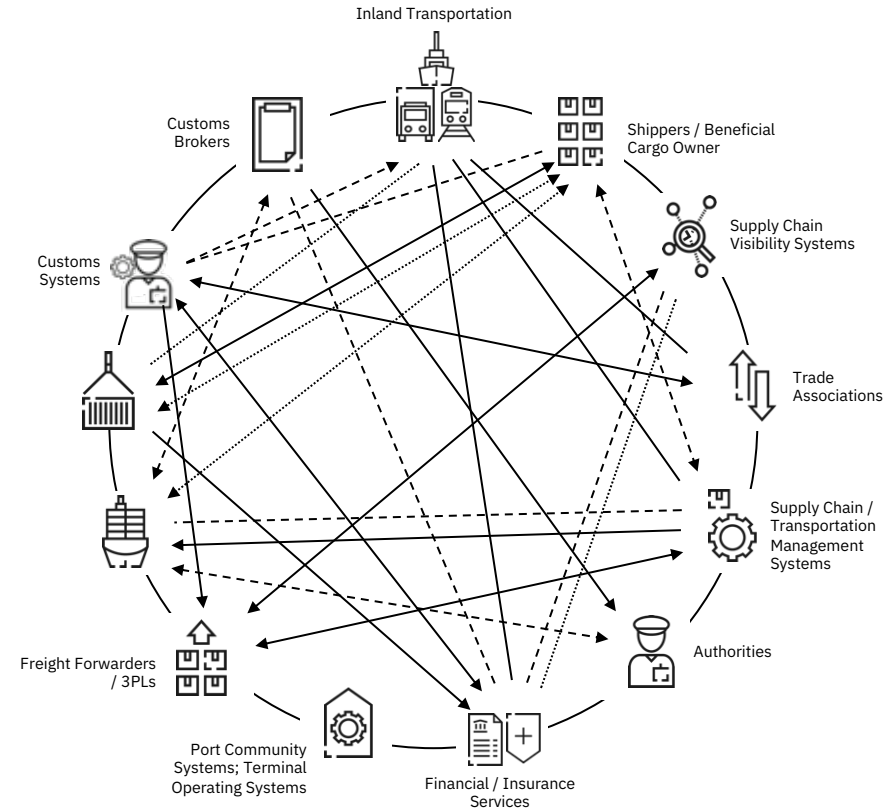
International Payments with World Wire



TradeLens improves global trade efficiency

TradeLens is an open, extensible platform for sharing shipping events, messages, and documents across all the actors and systems in the supply chain ecosystem.

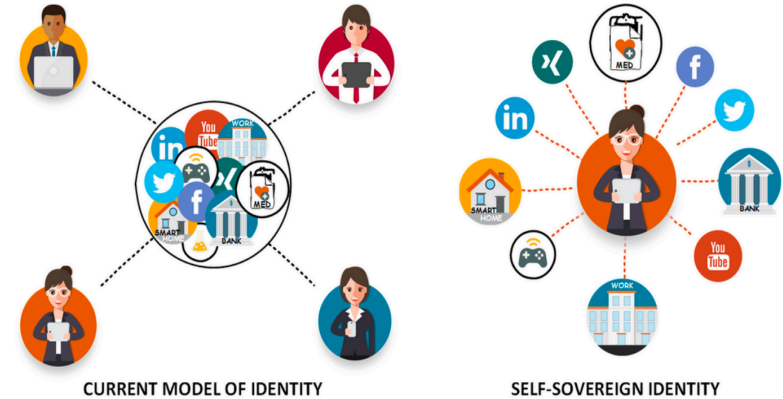
- **Shared visibility** and shared state for container shipments
- **Increase speed** and transparency for cross border transactions through real time access to container events.
- **Reduced cost** and increased efficiency through paperless trade



Decentralized trusted identity

Personally manage your digital IDs online with the Sovrin Network – an open source project creating a global public utility for self-sovereign identity

- **Pushes identifies** to the edge of the network frictionless, secure identity verification of self-sovereign identity. It's time to evolve the current system of siloed identities, endless passwords, and insecure databases.
- **The Sovrin Network** is the new standard for digital identity – designed to bring the trust, personal control, and ease-of-use of analog IDs – like driver's licenses and ID cards – to the Internet.
- **Cryptographic**, point to point exchange of identity - Every person, organization, and thing has a digital wallet to control the flow of their identity
- Based on Hyperledger Indy technology




sovrin
identity for all


HYPERLEDGER
INDY

Further examples by (selected) industry



Financial	Public Sector	Retail	Insurance	Manufacturing
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Trade Finance• Cross currency payments• Mortgages• Letters of Credit	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Asset Registration• Citizen Identity• Medical records• Medicine supply chain	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Supply chain• Loyalty programs• Information sharing (supplier – retailer)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Claims processing• Risk provenance• Asset usage history• Claims file	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Supply chain• Product parts• Maintenance tracking



How IBM Can Help

How IBM can help

The certainty to solve business challenges together



Security at Scale

Enterprise-grade security and control on a platform where businesses and industries are reinventing themselves



Trusted Expertise

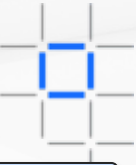
Reinventing business processes through unrivaled industry and technical knowledge as you start, accelerate and innovate your blockchain network.



Network Convening Power

Bringing together an expansive partner network of innovators, regulators and suppliers to establish, join or run your blockchain network.

IBM's end-to-end **Blockchain Strategy**



Services

Collaborate with services teams from ideation all the way to production



Ecosystem

Tap into our diverse ecosystem to develop strategic partnerships and create your competitive advantage



Solutions

Solve critical industry challenges by building and joining new business networks and applications



IBM Blockchain Platform

Build, operate and grow blockchain networks in heterogeneous environments



HYPERLEDGER

A founding, premier member of Hyperledger, IBM is committed to open source, standards & governance

IBM Blockchain Platform

Advanced tooling
allows you to quickly
build, operate and grow
blockchain networks

Open technology
uses the popular
Hyperledger Fabric
distributed ledger

Deploy anywhere
fully managed, or flexible
deployment on-premises or
on other cloud vendors



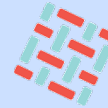
Build



Operate



Grow



**HYPERLEDGER
FABRIC**

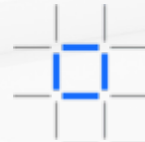


IBM Cloud

On-Premises

Other clouds

Hyperledger: A Linux Foundation project



- IBM Blockchain Platform is underpinned by technology from the Hyperledger project
- Hyperledger is a collaborative effort created to advance cross-industry blockchain technologies for business
- Founded February 2016; now more than **280 member organizations**
- Open source
Open standards
Open governance model

Premier



Associate

General

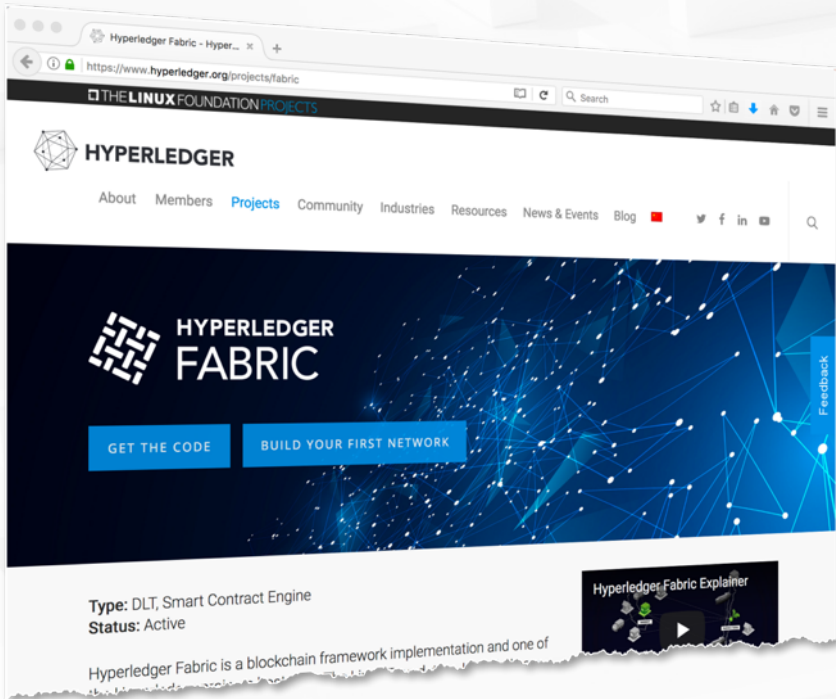
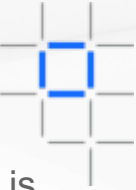


Academia Associate

General



Source: <https://www.hyperledger.org/members>
Updated: 11 September 2019









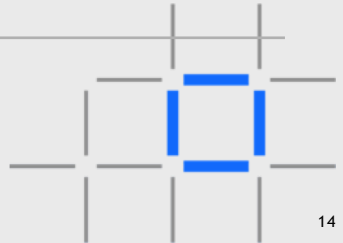
- An implementation of blockchain technology that is a foundation for developing blockchain applications
- Emphasis on ledger, smart contracts, consensus, confidentiality, resiliency and scalability.
- V1.4.6 released in February 2020
 - V1.4.x Long Term Service release with emphasis on production operational and serviceability enhancements; new programming model abstractions for ease of development
 - V2.0 is out now
- IBM is one of the many contributing organizations



Why IBM Z

IBM Blockchain Platform benefits from Z Security

Workload Isolation	 Enables isolation of network components on one system from each other and from other processes
Integrated Crypto Hardware	 Every transaction requires signatures and verification which involves crypto (make sure this is done right)
Key Encryption & Management	 Protect your keys -> your keys are your identity (estimated 1.1 \$billion worth of cryptocurrency stolen in 1 st half of 2018)
Data Encryption	 Blockchain has potentially sensitive data -> protect with encryption
Network Encryption	 Protect data transmitted between application, blockchain components, and integrated systems
Time Source Security	 Blockchain timestamps crucial to keeping accurate ledger



IBM Hyper Protect Virtual Servers

(On Premises)



Protect critical Linux workloads during build, deployment, and management on-premise

The Solution



Create
Cloud-Ready
applications



Protect
against internal
and external
threats



Manage
applications
with cloud
services

You're Protected Against

Remote Attack → restricted SSH access

Privilege Escalation → peer isolation
between virtual servers

Insider Attack → Access to physical
hardware does not mean data is
compromised

Image Tampering/Malware → Only
signed images are deployed via Secure
Build

IBM Hyper Protect Virtual Servers
(On Premises)

Client Value

- **Image Integrity**
 - Developers can securely build own images and enhance them via Trusted CI/CD flow
- **Control over Privileges**
 - Infrastructure providers can manage images via RESTful APIs
 - No provider access to sensitive data, memory, decryption keys, secrets or application logs
- **Image Provenance**
 - Validate that images originate from trusted source, no backdoor has been introduced in image builds
 - Enable auditors to approve deployment of images

IBM Blockchain Platform benefits from Co-location on IBM Z with core transaction systems

Integration with transaction systems



Integrate Blockchain apps with legacy systems that contain connected information such as PII

Performant communication



Important for blockchain to reduce latency between network components to increase tx/s and to reduce wait time when connecting to legacy systems for information

Scalability 'Data center-in-a-box'

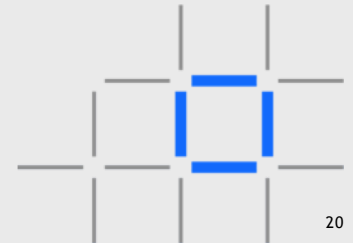


Grow your blockchain network to suit your needs (CPU, Memory, Network)

Operational efficiency



Manage your system efficiently and securely



IBM Blockchain Platform benefits from IBM Z RAS

Extensive self-checking and self-recovery capabilities

Keep your blockchain up and running

Concurrent replace, repair, and upgrade

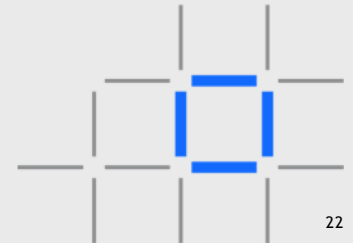
Make upgrades as needed

Redundant array of independent memory (RAIM) technology

You use blockchain to come to a consensus on which data should be on the ledger, make sure all this work is preserved by protecting data in case of emergency

Near-continuous availability and disaster recovery solutions

Make your blockchain network available to all participants all the time




Thank you

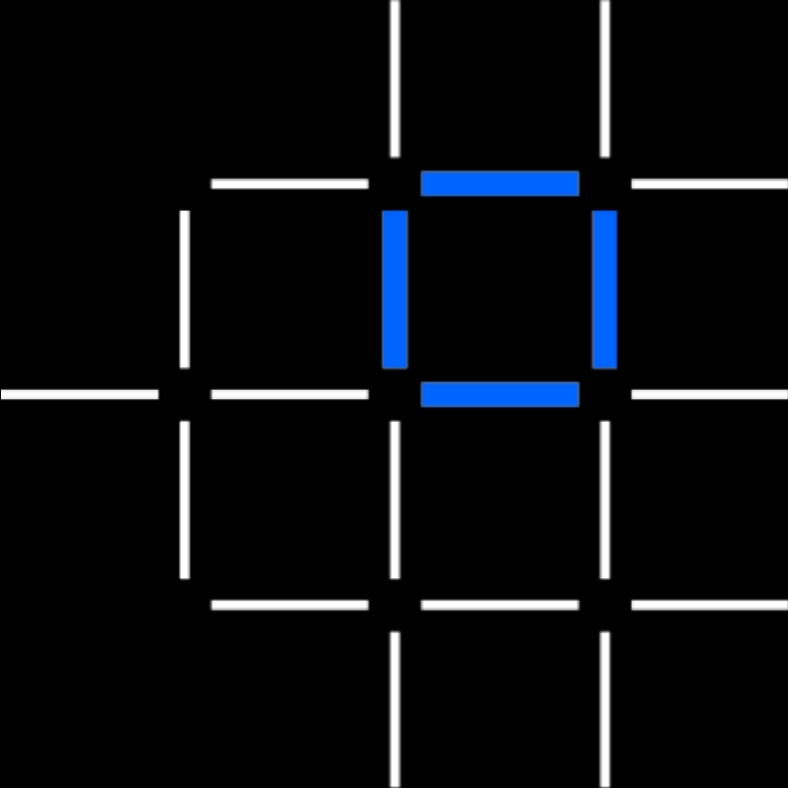
Austin Grice
austin.grice@ibm.com

*Questions? Tweet us or
go to ibm.com/blockchain*

 @IBMBlockchain

 IBM Blockchain

 IBM Blockchain





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